#### UNITED ARAB EMIRATES MINISTRY OF HEALTH & PREVENTION







مؤسسة الإمارات للخدمات الصدية Emirates Health Services



# Seasonal Influenza Awareness Guide 2024 - 2025





## What is seasonal influenza?

Seasonal influenza is a acute respiratory infection caused by influenza viruses which circulate worldwide in certain seasons.

### What is the pathogen?

Influenza viruses belong to the Orthomyxoviridia family. They are classified into types A, B and C on the basis of their core proteins.

# What are the signs and symptoms of influenza?

Signs and symptoms range from mild to severe. Symptoms usually subside within a week, without any medical intervention. And it may cause severe illness that requires hospitalization and may lead to serious complications, particularly among certain high-risk groups.

Headache



Fever



Cough





Malaise



Muscle and joint ache



Sore throat and



Younger children may experience vomiting and diarrhea.

# Who are at a high-risk of getting influenza and its complication?



Pregnant women, at any stage of pregnancy



Children below 5 years of age



Individuals with chronic medical conditions such as chronic cardiac, pulmonary, renal, neurodevelopmental, liver or hematologic diseases



Elderly



Health-care workers



#### **Incubation period:**

The time from contracting the infection to illness, is about 2 days, but may range from one to four days.

#### Modes of transmission:

ing, sneezing and talking of an infected person.	   
2. Indirect mode of transmission: Touching contaminated hands or objects and surfaces and then touching your eyes, nose or mouth.	ר ר ו ו

#### How to diagnose Seasonal Influenza?

laboratory investigation

### **Treatment of Seasonal Influenza:**

1.Patients that are not from the high-risk group can manage with symptomatic treatment to relive fever and pain and other symptoms and are advised, to stay home in order to minimize transmission to others.

2. High-risk patients might need a different plan of treatment depending on the physician's evaluation.



# How to prevent Seasonal Influenza?



What is the influenza vaccine?

The "flu shot "is an inactivated vaccine (containing killed virus) that is given usually in the arm.

### Who can get the vaccine?

All individuals from age 6 months and above

### Important groups that should take the flu vaccination:

It is highly recommended for the following groups to take the influenza vaccination, as they are more likely to contract the disease and its complications:







Health care providers







Pregnant women at all stages of pregnancy



Children from 6 months to 5 years



Those with chronic medical conditions



#### When should you get vaccinated?

Ideally the best time to get the influenza vaccine is annually in September or early (winter) before the influenza season starts. However, even if you did not get vaccinated at that time, vaccination is still recommended later as influenza may peak in later months during the year.

#### When does the flu vaccine become effective?

Two weeks after vaccination. That's why it's best to get vaccinated before influenza viruses start to spread in the community.

#### Is the influenza vaccine safe?

Flu vaccines have a good safety record and have been used on millions of people for more than 60 years. Side effects of the flu vaccine are generally mild and go away on their own within a few days.

# What side effects can I get after vaccination?



Redness, swelling at the site of injection



ever



These side effects are usually mild and short-lasting.

# Where to get the flu vaccine?

Flu vaccines are offered in all government and private health care centers

# Facts about seasonal influenza



Seasonal Influenza occurs all over the world, with an annual global attack rate of:



5-10% in adults

20-30% in children

Although patients will mostly recover without complications. However, it can be associated with serious illnesses, hospitalizations, and serious complications specially in high-risk groups.

Flu vaccination has been shown in several studies to reduce severity of illness.

Worldwide, annually epidemics result in about:

- 3 to 5 million cases of severe illness
  - 290,000 to 650,000 respiratory deaths

Every flu season is different, and influenza can affect people differently.

Among elderly people, vaccination may reduce the number of

hospitalizations by 25-39%

and has also been shown to:



reduce overall mortality by 39-75%

Influenza vaccines offer approximately 70-90% protection against clinical disease in healthy adults.



# **Benefits of the influenza vaccination**



Decreases the risk of flu-asso-

ciated hospitalization.

Protects pregnant women from acquiring the illness during and after pregnancy and helps protect infants in their first few months of life.



